

1923
(9th November)

"Am 9. November 1923, 12 Uhr 30 Minuten nachmittags, fielen vor der Feldherrnhalle sowie in Hofe des ehemaligen Kriegsministeriums zu München folgende Männer im treuen Glauben an die Wiederauferstehung ihres Volkes:.....

.....
So widme ich ihnen zur gemeinsamen Erinnerung den ersten Band dieses Werkes, als dessen Blutzengen sie den Anhängern unserer Bewegung dauernd voranleuchten mögen"

"Mein Kampf." (Dedication)

Then came a day when, confident in Thy increasing might, in Thy devoted followers and in Thy Destiny, Thou stoodst in broad daylight against the public powers, slaves of Thy people's foes, challenging them in an unequal fight; a day when boldly facing the threat of the existing State and all its awe-inspiring apparel of repression — its soldiery without ideals, a tool ⁱⁿ ~~within~~ the hands of respectable authorities without a soul — Thy few and ~~valiant~~ ^{fiery faithful ones} marched forth to storm for Thee the citadel of undisputed power.

Their countenances bright with joy, their hearts full of that burning love that carries one to the ends of the earth and never turneth backwards, Thy name upon their youthful lips, as in all times to come, already linked inseparably with the holy name of Germany, on they went without fear..... Sunshine is beautiful, daylight is sweet; and yet, more beautiful, and sweeter still, is death for Thee, death for Thy great Idea to triumph; for Thy reign to come.

On they went, and no force upon earth or in heaven could stop the impetus of their conquering step; for theirs was Germany's eternal soul, after a long time wide-awake and free; theirs the message of truth, the spell of resurrection; and theirs, in spite of all, — after the coming flash of power and of glory, and following untold years of martyrdom — the lordship of the future, theirs the world, in its new golden age, after the

~~montagx~~ final crash.

On they went. On its topmost wave, the great unfurling tide of History that none can alter nor arrest, carried them to their fated goal: to glory in unending time, but first, to death. The rifles of the wavering State went off, and bullets flew; and on the ground, in pools of blood, lay sixteen men of those who were the very best of Germany's best, Thy faithful ones of early days, Thy chosen few; men of all trades and of all ranks, (there are no social ranks, among us who believe in the nobility of Aryan blood alone) men of all ages too, the oldest over fifty, the youngest just nineteen, but all young men at heart, all looking to the future, all men who firmly felt that, to begin anew, and build in truth and fervour, ~~and~~ trusting one's Nation's fate, it is never too difficult, never too late.

In brotherly equality, in pools of blood they lay, the first ones of an endless list of martyrs of the Cause of Life in truth, under its modern form; the first to win the honour of giving up their lives for Thee and for new Germany, their resurrected Fatherland and Thine and, beyond that, new Aryandom, Thy world-wide dream of beauty, and mine.

There they lay, while the might that Thou wert soon to overthrow the might of those authorities in the service of foreign wealth gripped ~~led~~ a few others of Thy trusted ones, and Thee Thyself, and led you all into captivity. On Thee, the heavy fortress doors were shut for several months.

The newspapers mentioned the fact, mentioned also the death of the first martyrs ~~sixteen~~. But outside Germany, few understood how great a happening had taken place how great a new upheaval, in joyous sacrifice and death, was taking shape.

As for me, on that tragic day on which the Sixteen fell for Thee, I was hundreds of miles away, standing alone upon the marble steps of the Parthenon, and gazing sadly at the City at my feet, and at the the sea.

I was eighteen, and fair to look upon; yet no womanly sadness brought tears into my eyes. Ardent, but proud, and already before this birth,

marked out to love but Godhead incarnate, never was I to know the joy and ~~thaxx~~ anguishes of human passion, nor its madness.

I loved a dream, and tears were in my eyes because I was becoming conscious that it was but a dream. I loved eternal Greece — that Greece of long ago, that survives in the lofty columns within the shade of which I stood; also that Greece of yesterday, bulward of Aryan mankind in the Near East, who, for five hundred years, resisted the victorious Turks. I loved the Prince of Macedon, the fair-haired Conquerer, whose march towards the East, resembled the procession of an irresistible god; the Man who led men of my race across the Indus River for the second time. I loved, also, the Grecian chieftains who, in eighteen-twenty-one, swore to reconquer freedom or to die. And tears were in my eyes because of bitter thoughts.

All round me, in the dazzling ~~light~~ midday light, my beloved Athens spread its white houses, in the midst of which, a few cypress-trees here and there, and rows of pepper-trees, put patches of dark green or lines of greenish grey; its white houses that covered the lower slopes of steep Lykabettus, up to the pine-tree wood I knew so well. Beyond the outskirts of the town, towards the east, the barren rocs of Hymettus, in light, almost transparent grey, shone against the background of a blue sky that was so blue that it could seem unreal. And to the north, and to the west, I admired the sober outlines of other hills against that same fathomless blue background; and, to the south, the sparkling Aegean, bluer still, — deep, violet-blue.

Oh, how beautiful it all was: that City, from a distance, so white in the sunshine, amidst its clear-cut hills, and, high above all, the everlasting sky, and, far round all, the everlasting sea!

And yet, my heart was sad, for out of all that beauty, no Grecian voice had yet answered my fiery call to freedom, my call to pride. None had agreed with me when I had said that worse than Turkish yoke was slavery to the so-called "great" powers who had just won the first World War. And

when, leaving the rest aside, I had recalled the latest blow of fate — the loss of Asia Minor — and had accused the treacherous Allies, and had accused the spirit they embodied, (the spirit of Democracy) and had accused the alien interests behind their policy, and tried to prompt my brothers to have nothing to do with them and their soul-killing "culture", no one had seemed to share my burning indignation; none had echoed my hate.

Had Greece, then, irredeemably lost every sense of grandeur, and consented to be for ever a tool of the western Allies, a docile instrument of their intrigues, exalted when it suited them, and the following day insulted and abandoned? Was she no longer to remain, in opposition both to Turk and Jew, the advanced guard of Aryanism? The treacherous Allies, by doing all they could to help the Turks to win the Asia Minor War, acted as enemies of Aryan blood. But why did not Greece hate them, as I did? Were not the flames of devastated Smyrna, was not the forced exile of two millions of Hellenes enough to stir, in her, that self-same disgust as I felt for these great money-ridden States that had, six years before, against her will, dragged her into their unjust war? Was all that not enough to make her say, with me: "Away! Away from that hypocrisy, which Democracy signifies! Away, away from the serfdom of the decaying West! And back to national values; back to the spirit of the national Gods of old, heralds of Life undying! Back to ourselves; to Hellenism, — to Aryanism!" (the two, in my eyes, were the same.)

These were my thoughts, as, on that memorable Day, I stood upon the steps of the Temple in ruins, and beheld in its beauty, under the midday Sun, the violet-crowned City.

My Leader, had I, then, but known the deeper meaning of Thy holy Struggle! Had I but understood that the Sixteen, whose death the papers of the following day stated within a line, had shed their blood for something more than a new form of government! Oh, had I seen in them, what they already were: the vanguard of an endless host of fighters for the rule

of the natural élite of mankind,___ the first ones in my times to 12
die for my eternal Greek Ideal of domination of the aristoi,___ the best
in body, character and soul! And had I understood that, in the modern
world, the best, according to my heart's conception, to the everlasting
standards of health, and strength, and beauty, set forth by my Greek
masters, were the élite of Thy inspired countrymen; Thy best!

In youthful fervour, then and there, I should have flown to Thee.
Oh, why did I not know? In the heat of Thy struggle,
I should have been so happy; ~~_____~~
~~_____~~ I should have loved Thee so! from those
great early days!

Yet there I was, and Thine already in spirit, and by the Gods them-
selves chosen to remain Thine throughout a thousand wanderings. Why did
I not guess? Who can tell? All-penetrating is the Gods' insight,___ and
strange, and often disappointing, outwardly, are their ways.
